

THR Post-acute Rehab Checklist

Name Health #		
Surgery date		
Assessments: Check each item where you used a standardized tool or approach and did so at least twice (e.g., at baseline and before discharge)	Start	End
QI-1: Assess surgical hip pain level (e.g., 0 to 10 scale, HOOS or OHS subscale)		
QI-2: Perform physical examination (all should be included):		
 gait and use of walking aids (e.g., symmetry, step length, use of crutches) 		
 standing posture and lower limb alignment (e.g., pelvic alignment) 		
bilateral lower limb ROM (minimum of hips, both active & passive)		
bilateral lower limb flexibility/contractures (e.g., Thomas Test)		
 bilateral lower limb strength (include hip flexors, extensors, abductors & quads) 		
• static and dynamic balance (e.g., single leg stand, lateral stepping, Berg Balance)		
• leg length discrepancy (if indicated, can be delayed until 3 months post-op)		
QI-3: Assess self-reported physical function Tool:		
QI-4: Assess performance-based function (at least one of the following):		
□ stair climb test □ 30-sec chair stand test □ self-paced or fast walking speed		
QI-5: Assess participation (e.g., care-giving, paid/unpaid work, leisure) Tool:		
QI-6a: Assess physical activity level and sedentary behaviour (e.g., PA vital signs) (can do once)		
QI-6b: Provide education on benefits of physical activity <u>and</u> tailored guidance and support on resuming physically active lifestyle (can do once)		
QI-7: Assess health-related quality of life Tool:		
Interventions: Check 'yes' if you provided the interventions		Yes
QI-8: Provide physiotherapy that is (all should be included):		
 individualized to the patient's functional needs 		
 supervised by a physiotherapist or rehabilitation assistant under physiotherapist guidance 		
appropriately dosed (e.g., intensity, frequency)		
• regularly progressed (e.g., based on RPE, reps in reserve, 10RM)		
at least 6 weeks in duration (e.g., from initial assessment to discharge)		
monitored for adherence (e.g., exercise log, wearable device)		
QI-9: AND includes ALL of the following components:		
pain management strategies		
active hip ROM		
 progressive resistance training for lower limb muscles 		
• static and dynamic balance training (e.g., tandem stance/walking, side stepping, obstacle course)		
postural and core stability training		
 gait training (include use of walking aids, walking on different surfaces, inclines) 		
 functional exercises (e.g., stair climbing, rising/lowering to chair and floor) 		
a home exercise program (e.g., printed exercise sheet, App with exercises)		
QI-10: Assess the patient's rehab experience and satisfaction with rehabilitation process and outcomes of care using a standardized tool (e.g., send link to questionnaire)		